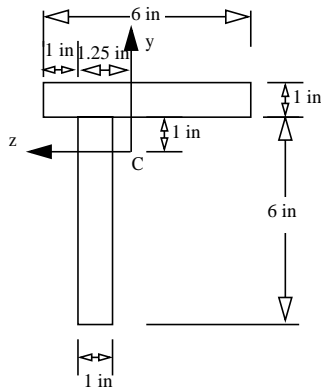
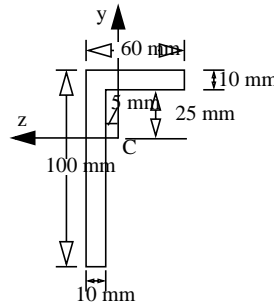


1. (a) Determine  $I_{yz}$  for the cross-section shown.



$I_{yz} = \text{-----}$

(b) The internal bending moments on a cross-section shown were determined to be  $M_y = -20 \text{ kN-m}$  and  $M_z = (25 \text{ kN-m})$ . Determine the orientation of the neutral axis and show it on the cross-section.

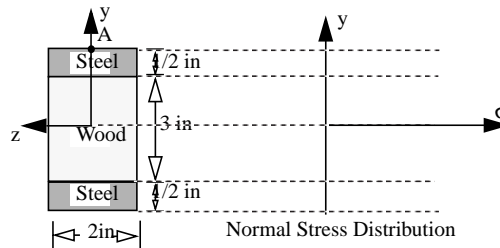


$I_{yy} = 0.4125 (10^6) \text{ mm}^4$

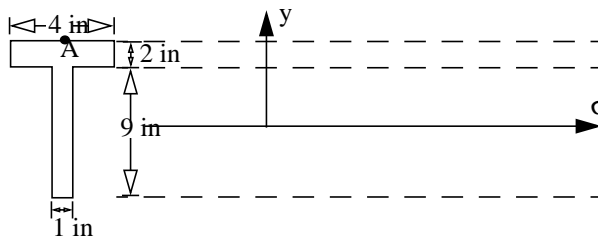
$I_{zz} = 1.5125 (10^6) \text{ mm}^4$

$I_{yz} = 0.45(10^6) \text{ mm}^4$

(c) The normal strain at point A on a cross-section of a laminated beam in bending was found to be  $-1000 \mu$ . Sketch the normal stress distribution along the line parallel to the y-axis and label the stress values. Use  $E_{\text{steel}} = 30,000 \text{ ksi}$  and  $E_{\text{wood}} = 8,000 \text{ ksi}$ .



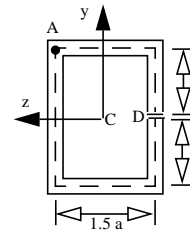
(d) A beam of elastic-perfectly plastic material has a yield stress of 30 ksi. Point A on the cross-section shown just reaches yield stress in *compression* at a given load. (i) Sketch the stress distribution along a line parallel to the y-axis. (ii) Write the expressions for bending normal stress  $\sigma_{xx}$  and the intervals over which each expression is valid. Use coordinate y and parameter 'a' representing the distance of elastic-plastic boundary from neutral axis in writing your stress expressions.



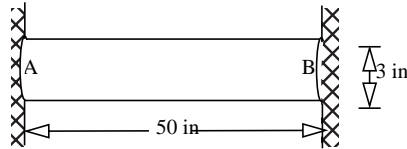
(e) A thin cross-section of uniform thickness  $t$  is shown below. If shear stresses were to be found at point A then what values of  $Q_y$  and  $Q_z$  are needed for the calculation. Assume  $t \ll a$  and gap at D is of negligible thickness. Report the values of  $Q_y$  and  $Q_z$  in terms of  $t$  and  $a$ .

$$Q_y = \text{-----}$$

$$Q_z = \text{-----}$$

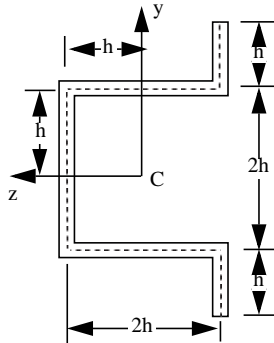


(f) A circular steel ( $E= 30,000$  ksi,  $\nu=0.29$ ,  $\alpha = 6.6 \mu/\text{°F}$ ) bar is held between two rigid walls. Determine the change in diameter of the bar if temperature of the bar is raised by  $100\text{°F}$ .



$$\Delta d = \text{-----}$$

2. (a) A cross-section has a uniform thickness  $t$ . Assuming  $t$  is small determine the shear center with respect to point C in terms of  $h$ .



$$I_{yy} = 5.33h^3 t$$

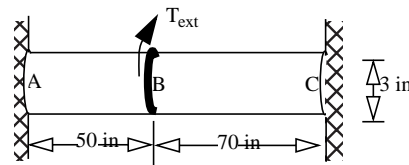
$$I_{zz} = 9.33h^3 t$$

$$I_{yz} = 0$$

$$e_y = \text{-----}$$

$$e_z = \text{-----}$$

3. A shaft made from elastic-perfectly plastic has a shear yield stress of 15 ksi and a shear modulus of 12,000 ksi. The plastic zone in shaft segment AB was found to be 0.25 inch deep. (a) Determine the external torque  $T_{\text{ext}}$ . (b) The rotation of section at B.



$$T_{\text{ext}} = \text{-----}$$

$$\phi_B = \text{-----}$$

## ANSWERS

$$1(a) \quad I_{yz} = -15.75 \text{ in}^4$$

$$(b) \quad \theta_{N.A.} = 65.04^\circ \text{ from } z$$

$$(d) \quad \sigma_{xx} = \begin{cases} 30 \text{ ksi} & -(11-a) \leq y \leq -a \\ -30 \frac{y}{a} & -a \leq y \leq (a-2) \\ -30 \frac{y}{a} & (a-2) \leq y \leq a \end{cases}$$

$$(e) \quad Q_y = -0.75a^2 t \quad Q_z = 2a^2 t \quad \Delta d = 2.55(10^{-3}) \text{ in.}$$

$$2. \quad e_y = 0 \quad e_z = 1.714h$$

$$3. \quad T_{\text{ext}} = 158.8 \text{ in-kip} \quad \phi_B = -0.05 \text{ rad}$$